# VILLAGE OF MT. ZION, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2024

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Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and Village Board Village of Mt. Zion Mt. Zion, Illinois

## Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Mt. Zion, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Mt. Zion's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Mt. Zion, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1A.

## Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village of Mt. Zion and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1A of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Mayor and Village Board Village of Mt. Zion Page Two

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1A, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Mt. Zion's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Mt. Zion's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit. Mayor and Village Board Village of Mt. Zion Page Three

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Mt. Zion's financial statements. The schedules listed as "supplementary information" in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules listed as "supplementary information" in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

## Other Matters

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the "other information (unaudited)" included in the annual report. The "other information (unaudited)" as listed in the table of contents does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the "other information (unaudited)", and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the "other information (unaudited)" and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the "other information (unaudited)" and the financial statements, or the "other information (unadited)" otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the "other information (unadited)" exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Maire, Thas Halfman + Bley, P.C.

McGuire, Yuhas, Huffman & Buckley, P.C. Decatur, Illinois June 16, 2025

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2024

	Pr	imary Government	
		Business-	
	Governmental	type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		879,865 \$	4,893,647
Certificates of Deposit	1,340,828	-	1,340,828
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance			
for Uncollectible Accounts)		201,324	201,324
Total Current Assets	5,354,610	1,081,189	6,435,799
Non-Current Assets			
Land and Easements	1,071,082	217,438	1,288,520
Property, Plant and Equipment	26,906,045	12,922,372	39,828,417
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(14,031,688)	(5,778,078)	(19,809,766)
Net Land, Property, Plant and Equipment	13,945,439	7,361,732	21,307,171
Intangible Asset			
Sewer System Annexation Cost (Net of			
Accumulated Amortization of \$1,148,311)	<u> </u>	21,942	21,942
Total Non-Current Assets	13,945,439	7,383,674	21,329,113
Total Assets	19,300,049	8,464,863	27,764,912
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Notes Payable - current	15,393	113,508	128,901
Bonds Payable - current	512,661	-	512,661
Property Tax Liability	2,035	<u> </u>	2,035
Total Current Liabilities	530,089	113,508	643,597
Non-Current Liabilities			
Notes Fayable - non-current	15,817	1,657,430	1,673,247
Bonds Payable - non-current	1,931,585		1,931,585
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,947,402	1,657,430	3,604,832
Total Liabilities	2,477,491	1,770,938	4,248,429
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	11,469,983	5,612,736	17,082,719
Police	28,493	-	28,493
Special Tax, TIP and Business	20,175		
District Projects and Agreements	846,674	-	846,674
MFT - Street and Alley Maintenance	881,730	-	881,730
Capital Projects	125,136	-	125,136
Debt Service	36,191	-	36,191
Audit	37,421	-	37,421
Social Security Tax	87,968	-	87,968
Liability Insurance	51,647	-	51,647
IMRF	196,330	-	196,330
School Crossing Guard	22,050	_	22,050
Unemployment Compensation	56,433	-	56,433
Unrestricted	2,982,502	1,081,189	4,063,691
Total Net Position \$	16,822,558 \$	6,693,925 \$	23,516,483

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

					Pr	ogram Revenues		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	_	Capital Grants and Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental Activities			-		-			
Current								
General Government								
Administration	\$	699,057	\$	228,434	\$	14,045	\$	(456,578)
Planning and Zoning		88,346		-		-		(88,346)
Public Safety		1,502,203		85,256		-		(1,416,947)
Streets & Alleys		1,057,932		-		-		(1,057,932)
Culture & Recreation								
Parks		487,945		53,284		52,170		(382,491)
Convention Center		189,584		70,726		-		(118,858)
Debt Service		76,054		-		-		(76,054)
Capital Outlay	_	323,025	-	-		-	_	(323,025)
Total Governmental Activities		4,424,146	-	437,700		66,215	_	(3,920,231)
Business-type Activities								
Water		1,871,742		1,902,362		-		30,620
Sanitary Sewer	_	692,950	-	747,037			_	54,087
Total Business-type Activities		2,564,692	-	2,649,399		<u> </u>	_	84,707
Total Governmental and Business-type Activities	\$	6,988,838	\$	3,087,099	\$	66,215	\$	(3,835,524)

		Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Changes in Net Position	-			 
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$	(3,920,231)	\$ 84,707	\$ (3,835,524)
General Revenues				
Property Tax		1,913,920		1,913,920
Utility Tax		172,913	-	172,913
Telecommunications Tax		25,537	-	25,537
Income Tax		1,022,148	-	1,022,148
Replacement Tax		54,007	•	54,007
Sales and Use Tax		778,226	-	778,226
Games Tax		112,314	-	112,314
Reimbursements		109,208	-	109,208
Investment Income/(Loss)		214,222	32,595	246,817
Motor Fuel Tax		268,436	-	268,436
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		3,482		3,482
Operating Transfers	-	(177,317)	177,317	 -
Total General Revenues, Losses				
and Transfers	-	4,497,096	209,912	 4,707,008
Change in Net Position		576,865	294,619	871,484
Net Position, January 1	-	16,245,693	6,399,306	 22,644,999
Net Position, December 31	\$_	16,822,558 \$	6,693,925	\$ 23,516,483

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### December 31, 2024

ASSETS	General	Busines District Tax Allocation Fund	Capital Proje Motor Fuel Tax F	ects Funds Capital Project Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1,628,627 \$ 	367,065 \$	881,730 \$	125,136 \$	1,011,224 \$	4,013,782 1,340,828
Total Assets	\$ 2,969,455 \$	367,065 \$	881,730 \$	125,136 \$	1,011,224 \$	5,354,610
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Current Liabilities						
Property Tax Liability	\$	\$ <u>2,035</u> \$	\$	- \$	\$	2,035
Total Liabilities		2,035		-		2,035
Fund Balances						
Restricted	28,493	365,030	881,730	125,136	969,684	2,370,073
Assigned	-	-	-	-	41,540	41,540
Unassigned	2,940,962			-	-	2,940,962
Total Fund Balances	2,969,455	365,030	881,730	125,136	1,011,224	5,352,575
Total Liabilities and Fund Balanc	es\$ 2,969,455 \$	367,065 \$	881,730 \$	125,136 \$	1,011,224 \$	5,354,610

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,352,575
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital Assets of \$27,977,127 net of accumulated		
depreciation of (\$14,031,688), are not financial		
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		13,945,439
funds.		13,943,439
Bonds and notes payable are not reported in the		
governmental funds	_	(2,475,456)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	16,822,558

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Capital Projects Funds Business District Tax Nonmator 2024 Capital Allocation Notor Puel Governmental General Fund тах Project Fund Funds Totals Revenues Received 332.818 S 912.508 1,913,920 668.594 S s Property Tax e s 5 172,913 172,913 Utility Tax Telecommunications Tax 25,537 25,537 Licenses & Permits \$6,515 86,515 Franchise Fees 103,239 . 103.239 69.548 Police Services 69.548 -1,022,148 1.022.148 Income Tex -Replacement Tax 54,007 54,007 Sales and Use Tax 778,226 . 778,226 . Games Tax 112,314 . 112,314 Grants 14.045 . 14.045 65,162 Fines, Fees & Miscellaneous 65,075 87 Donations 52,170 52,170 113,236 113,236 Rentals Reimburgements 105,253 3.955 109.208 Investment Income/(Loss) 113.115 10.932 37.622 24.323 28.230 214.222 268,436 Motor Fuel Tax \_\_\_\_\_ 268,436 3,555,935 343,750 310,013 24,410 940,738 5,174,846 Total Revenues Received Expenditures Disbursed Current General Government 216,701 16,208 405,344 638,253 Administration -. Planning & Zoning 88,345 . 88,346 . Public Safety 1,416,232 ..... 2,860 1,419,092 411.348 Streets & Alleys 411.348 Culture & Recreation 308,151 308,151 Parks 150,941 150,941 Convention Center . Dabt Sarvice 1,007 473,514 Principal 472,507 \_ -80.315 80,315 Interest and Fees 388,202 179,577 241,408 590,074 55,965 1,455,226 Capital Cutlay Total Expenditures Disbursed 2,980,928 195,785 241,408 590,074 1,016,991 5,025,186 Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues Received Over (Under) Expenditures Disbursed 575,007 147,965 68,605 (565,664) (76,253) 149,660 Other Financing Sources(Uses) Proceeds from Bond Principle 690.800 690,800 --Proceeds from Sale of Equipment 4.300 \_ 4,300 296,285 2,275 294,010 Operating Transfers In -(473,602) Operating Transfers Out (473,602) Net Change in Fund Balances 107.980 147.965 68,605 125,136 217.757 567.443 2,861,475 217,065 -4,685,132 Fund Balances, January 1 813,125 793,467 2,969,455 \$ 365,030 \$ 881,730 \$ 125,136 \$ 1,011,224 \$ 5,352,575 Fund Balances, December 31 \$

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 667,443
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset purchases capitalized	1,132,201
Depreciation expense	(1,008,936)
Proceeds from Sale of Equipment	(4,300)
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	3,482
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	
Bond issuance proceeds	(690,800)
Bond and note principal repayments	473,514
Bond issue premium amortization	 4,261
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 576,865

#### STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## December 31, 2024

	Business-type Activities					
	_	Water		Sanitary Sewer		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	483,663	\$	396,202	\$	879,865
Due from Other Funds		3,340		-		3,340
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance						
for Uncollectible Accounts)	_	145,797		55,527	-	201,324
Total Current Assets		632,800		451,729	-	1,084,529
Non-Current Assets						
Land and Easements		152,816		64,622		217,438
Property, Plant and Equipment		8,187,942		4,734,430		12,922,372
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(3,010,700)		(2,767,378)		(5,778,078)
Net Land, Property Plant and Equipment	_	5,330,058	-	2,031,674	-	7,361,732
Intangible Asset						
Sewer System Annexation Cost (Net of						
Accumulated Amortization of \$1,148,311)	_		-	21,942	_	21,942
Total Non-current Assets	_	5,330,058	-	2,053,616	_	7,383,674
Total Assets		5,962,858	_	2,505,345	-	8,468,203
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Water Plant Loan, current		113,508		-		113,508
Due to Other Funds		-		3,340		3,340
Non-Current Liabilities						
Water Plant Loan, non-current	_	1,657,430	-	-	-	1,657,430
Total Liabilities		1,770,938	_	3,340	_	1,774,278
NRT POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,559,120		2,053,616		5,612,736
Restricted		-		-		-
Unrestricted	_	632,800	-	448,389	-	1,081,189
Total Net Position	\$	4,191,920	\$ .	2,502,005	\$ _	6,693,925

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Bus	sin	ess-type Activ	/iti	es	
				Sanitary			
		Water		Sewer		Total	
Operating Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	1,786,666	\$	700,860	\$	2,487,526	
Other Fees & Miscellaneous		115,696		46,177		161,873	
Total Operating Revenues		1,902,362		747,037		2,649,399	
Operating Expenses							
Personal Services							
Salaries		388,556		146,116		534,672	
Benefits		120,001		48,191		168,192	
Total Personal Services	-	508,557		194,307		702,854	
Operations and Contractual Services							
Repairs & Maintenance		99,687		59,064		168,751	
Engineering		21,900		-		21,900	
Legal Services		776		-		776	
Janitorial Services		5,980		5,980		11,960	
Contractual Services		30,680		3,927		34,607	
Postage		11,189		9,491		20,680	
Telephone		3,127		2,415		5,542	
Printing & Publications		2,413		1,266		3,679	
Fees		22,463		6,004		28,467	
Travel & Training		3,080		326		3,406	
Dues & Subscriptions		2,346				2,346	
Utilities		23,804		9,922		33,726	
Water Purchases		890,533		5,522		890,533	
Sewer Treatment Charges		030,000		265 690		265,689	
Supplies & Equipment		8,040					
Meters		-		2,166		10,206	
		12,960		10,724		23,684	
Gasoline & Oil		8,949		8,949		17,898	
Depreciation and Amortization	•	184,839		102,720	-	287,559	
Total Operations and							
Contractual Services	-	1,332,766		498,643	-	1,831,409	
Total Operating Expenses	-	1,841,323		692,950	_	2,534,273	
Operating Income(Loss)	-	61,039		54,087	_	115,126	
Non-Operating Revenues(Expenses)							
Investment Income (Loss)		20,999		11,596		32,595	
Interest Expense		(30,419)				(30,419)	
Operating Transfers In				177,317		177,317	
Operating Transfers Out		-				1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	-			······································	-		
Total Non-Operating							
Revenues (Expenses)	-	(9,420)		188,913	_	179,493	
Change in Net Position		51,619		243,000		294,619	
Total Net Position, January 1	-	4,140,301		2,259,005	_	6,399,306	
Total Net Position, December 31	\$	4,191,920	\$	2,502,005	\$ =	6,693,925	

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	_	Business-type Activities				3
		Water		Sanitary Sewer		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	_	nater	_	26Mél.		TOTAL
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,895,936	ŝ	745,195	s	2,641,131
Payments to Suppliers	•	(1,267,928)	·	(444,114)	•	(1,712,042)
Payments to Employees	_	(388,556)		(146,116)		(534,672)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	_	239,452		154,965		394,417
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities						
Receipts/(Payments) on Interfund Loans		(3,340)		3,340		
Transfers from/(to) the General Fund	-	<u>-</u>	_	177,317		177,317
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Non-Capital						
Financing Activities	_	(3,340)		180,657	_	177,317
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Purchase of Capital Assets		(105,158)		(266,766)		(371,924)
Payments on Water Plant IEPA Loan	_	(142,088)			_	(142,088)
Nat Cash Provided/(Used) by Capital and						
Related Financing Activities		(247,246)	-	(256,766)	_	(514,012)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Investment Income / (Loss)		20,999	_	11,596	_	32,595
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing						
Activities	-	20,999		11,596	_	32,595
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash in Bank		9,865		80,452		90,317
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1		473,798		315,750	_	789,548
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31	\$	483,663	\$	396,202	\$	879,865
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities						
Operating Income	\$	61,039	\$	54,087	\$	115,126
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities						
Depreciation and Amortization		184,839		102,720		287,559
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		10 100				/* * * * *
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(6,426)		(1,842)		(8,268)
Total Adjustments		178,413		100,878		279,291
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	<sup>\$</sup>	239,452	\$ <u> </u>	154,965	\$	394,417

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2024

ASSETS	Police Pension Fund
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 45,110
IPOPIF Investment Asset Pool	4,168,276
Total Current Assets Total Assets	4,213,386
LIABILITIES	
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Pension Benefits	4,213,386
Total Net Position	\$ 4,213,386

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Police Pension Fund
Additions	
Property Tax	\$ 170,901
Member Contributions	74,767
Investment Earnings	
Interest & Dividends	22,513
Realized and Unrealized Gains(Losses)	331,157
Total Additions	599,338
Deductions	
Benefit Payments	63,823
Administrative Expenditures	27,753
Total Deductions	91,576
Change in Net Position	507,762
Total Net Position, January 1	3,705,624
Total Net Position, December 31	\$ 4,213,386

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024

#### Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows -

A) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting -

The government-wide, business-type activities, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, which measures both financial and capital resources. The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resource measurement focus, which is based on the concept of fiscal accountability. Therefore, due to the differences in measurement focuses, the governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues received and expenditures disbursed are recognized in the accounts and how they are reported on the financial statements. The Village maintains its accounting records for all funds on the modified cash basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements are also prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recognized and recorded in the accounts when cash is received, except for the water & sewer fund in which revenue is recorded when services rendered are billed. In the same manner, expenditures are recognized and recorded upon the disbursement of cash. Assets of a fund are only recorded when a right to receive cash exists which arises from a previous cash transaction, except for the water & sewer funds in which receivables for services rendered are recorded when billed. Liabilities of a fund, similarly, result from previous cash transactions.

Modified cash-basis financial statements omit recognition of receivables and payables and other accrued and deferred items that do not arise from previous cash transactions with the exception that the Village capitalizes assets and depreciates them over their useful lives, records revenue and receivables and related allowances for uncollectible accounts for the business-type activities when billings are prepared, and recognizes unrealized gains and losses on its investments. Accordingly, the statements do not present financial position or results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Investments are comprised of savings accounts, certificates of deposit, money markets, mutual funds and municipal bonds, some of which are federally insured. All investments are carried at cost, which approximates market, except for mutual funds and municipal bonds, which are carried at market value. The Village board has legal authority to invest in certificates of deposit and other investments.

B) Capital Assets -

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

# Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

B) Capital Assets (Continued) -

#### Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The Village has not maintained records of its governmental activities' infrastructure assets placed in service prior to May 1, 2004. Accordingly, the amount presented in the Statement of Net Position -Modified Cash Basis for governmental activities' capital assets includes only infrastructure assets purchased after May 1, 2004. Management believes the depreciated amount of these assets is not material to the financial statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis. Governmental activities' depreciation is charged within the administrative, public safety, streets and alleys, parks, and convention center functions in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis. Depreciation has been provided as outlined below:

The cost for maintenance will be expensed.

The following depreciation methods are established:

Waterworks and Sewer System	34-40 years, straight line
Infrastructure	20-40 years, straight line
Equipment and Machinery	5-10 years, straight line
Furniture and Office Equipment	5-10 years, straight line

## Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as expenditures of the governmental funds upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

- Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows (Continued)
  - C) Reporting Entity -

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management (Trustees) has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the Village's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management (Trustees), the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service.

Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the Village and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships; regardless of whether the Village is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of the criteria, the Mt. Zion Police Pension Fund has been identified as a component unit of the Village. The Pension Fund is fiscally dependent on the Village to levy taxes to fund its pension liabilities. The Pension Fund is reported as a fiduciary fund of the Village.

D) Basis of Presentation -

Although the Village presents its annual financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the aspects of financial statement content and format, as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments have been implemented in the financial statements, effective for the year ended April 30, 2005 and after. This change had a material effect on the comparability of previous year financial statements to statements dated April 30, 2005 and after.

The following represents the Village's basis of financial statement presentation based on the GASB 34 format.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis display information about the Village as a whole. They include all funds of the Village except for fiduciary funds.

# Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

D) Basis of Presentation - (Continued)

The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to the external customers for goods or services.

## Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is either the General Fund or if it meets the following criteria:

Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding element total for all funds of that category or type, and

Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

## Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Village are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Village's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (arising from cash transactions) are accounted for through governmental funds.

## General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for cash received from specific sources. The expenditures in excess of the amounts received and accumulated fund balance for these special revenue funds become an obligation of the general fund.

# Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

D) Basis of Presentation - (Continued)

	(Jone indea)
Fund	Brief Description
Business District Tax Allocation Fund	Accounts for sales tax increments restricted for the Village's Business District and the payment of eligible development costs.
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Accounts for revenues collected from the motor fuel tax and expenditures associated with maintenance of the Village's streets and alleys.
2024 Capital Project Fund	Accounts for proceeds from issuance of 2024 Series General Obligation Bonds and expenditures for various capital improvement projects within the Village.
Audit Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the Village's annual audit.
Social Security Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the Village's payroll taxes.
Liability Insurance Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the Village's liability insurance.
IMRF Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for retirement for the Village's employees.
School Crossing Guard Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the salary of the school crossing guards.
Unemployment Compensation Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for unemployment insurance.
Rt. 121 T.I.F. District II	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the tax increment financing (T.I.F.) district.
Lease Purchase Fund	Accounts for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for the lease payments associated with asset acquisitions.
Bond Repayment Funds	Account for property taxes collected and expenditures paid for bond interest and principal payments.

- Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows (Continued)
  - D) Basis of Presentation (Continued)

### Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Brief Description

Fund

Water & Sanitary Sewer Funds Account for the activities of providing water and sanitation sewer services to the public.

Fiduciary Funds - (Not included in government wide statements)

Pension Trust Funds

Pension Trust Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for use for payment of pension benefits and cannot be used at the Village's discretion or to support general operations.

Fund

Brief Description

Police Pension Fu	und Accounts	for property	taxes collected
	and expe	nditures paid	for pension
	benefits	of qualified	police officers.

Major and Non-major Funds

The funds are classified as major or non-major as follows:

Major Funds	Non-major Funds
General Fund	Audit Fund
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Social Security Fund
2024 Capital Project Fund	Liability Insurance Fund
Water Fund	IMRF Fund
Sanitary Sewer Fund	School Crossing Guard Fund
Business District Tax	Unemployment Compensation Fund
Allocation Fund	Route 121 T.I.F. District II
	Lease Purchase Fund
	2009, 2019, 2020 and 2024
	Bond Repayment Funds

- Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows (Continued)
  - E) Use of Estimates -

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from estimates.

F) Priority for Use of Restricted and Unrestricted Assets -

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

G) Budgets and Appropriations -

The budget and appropriation ordinance for all fund types is prepared on the cash basis of accounting which is similar to the modified cash basis that is used in financial reporting. This allows for comparability between budgeted and actual amounts. The Village's budget and appropriation ordinance was passed on December 18, 2023 and amended on January 21, 2025 to increase Water Fund appropriations by \$14,720.

For each fund, total fund expenditures disbursed may not legally exceed budgeted amounts. The appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Expenditures in the Sewer Fund exceeded the budget by \$81,146; however, this was due to General Fund proceeds being used to purchase Sewer Fund infrastructure assets.

H) Non-current Liabilities -

The Village considers any liability not expected to be paid within one year to be a non-current liability. The liabilities shown on the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds - Modified Cash Basis are broken down between current and non-current liabilities.

I) Program Revenues -

In the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The Governmental Activities' program revenues include fines, police services, permits, donations, rental fees and event admissions. The Water and Sewer Funds' program revenues are the collection of water and sewer charges from customers who receive water and sewer services from the Village.

J) Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenditures -

Proprietary fund statements classify revenues and expenditures as either operating or as nonoperating. The Village considers operating revenues and expenditures for proprietary funds to be those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services.

# Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

J) Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenditures - (Continued)

Revenues and expenditures related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities are considered to be nonoperating. All revenues of the proprietary funds are to be used to cover operations.

K) Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities -

If any interfund activity occurs or balances exist in the fund financial statements, they are eliminated or reclassified in the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis.

L) Cash and Cash Equivalents ~

Cash and Cash Equivalents include all monies in banks and highly liquid investments. The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short maturities of those financial investments.

M) Legal Debt Margin -

The following outlines the legal debt margin of the Village of Mt. Zion as of December 31, 2024:

2024 Assessed Valuation		\$160,891,919
		3222222222
Statutory Debt Limitation		
8.625% of Assessed Valuation		13,876,928
Outstanding Bonds *		
Series 2016B	705,000	
Series 2020	1,223,300	
Series 2024	498,900	
Outstanding Notes Payable	1,802,148	
Less:		
Alternate Revenue Bonds	(705,000)	3,524,348
Legal Debt Margin		\$ 10,352,580

\* Note: excludes unamortized bond premiums

N) Fund Balance Reporting -

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; nonspendable, restricted,

- Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows (Continued)
  - N) Fund Balance Reporting (Continued)

committed, assigned, and unassigned. Below are definitions of each classification.

a. Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts. Due to the modified cash basis nature of the Village, all such items are expended at the time of purchase, so there is nothing to report for this classification.

b. Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are (1) subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity, such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation of the government itself. Special revenue, capital project and debt service funds have restricted balances for their respective specified purposes.

Additionally, \$28,493 of the General Fund's fund balance is restricted for Police, KICK, Drug, and DUI Programs.

c. Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Village Board). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

The Village Board commits fund balance by making motions or passing resolutions to adopt policy or to approve contracts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Village does not have any balances committed as of December 31, 2024.

d. Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Village Board has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Village has assigned \$41,540 of the Village's fund balances as follows as of December 31, 2024:

- Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows (Continued)
  - N) Fund Balance Reporting (Continued)
    - d. Assigned Fund Balance (Continued)

Purpose					Amount
				-	
Audit				\$	1,000
Series 2	2009 Bo	ond	Payments		23,693
Series 2	2020 Bo	ond	Payments		16,847
				\$	41,540

e. Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for General Fund amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

f. Expenditures of Fund Balance

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified. As of December 31, 2024, no formal fund balance policy had been adopted by the Village.

O) Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position -

The Village follows GASB Statement No. 63 Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position which was effective for audits of periods beginning after November 15, 2011. A deferred outflow of resources represents the consumption of a government's net assets that is applicable to a future period. A deferred inflow of resources represents the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources are reported in a separate section of the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis following assets. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in a separate section of the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis following liabilities. As of December 31, 2024, due to the Village reporting on the modified cash basis of accounting, the Village had not engaged in any transactions which qualified for reporting as a deferred outflow of resource or deferred inflow of resource.

# Note 1 Significant accounting policies followed by the Village are as follows - (Continued)

P) Accounts Receivable -

Customer receivables related to water and sewer billings are recorded as receivables and revenues at their original invoice amount, after services have been rendered and corresponding bills have been prepared. Management periodically reviews the customer receivable accounts and accounts are written off as they become uncollectible or deemed uncollectible. Therefore, accounts receivable is recorded net of allowance for uncollectible accounts.

## Note 2 Property Tax Calendar -

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. The 2023 levy (collected in the period ending December 31, 2024) was adopted by the Village on December 18, 2023. The collection dates, by the county, for the 2023 levy were June 2024 and September 2024. The Village receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these due dates.

## Note 3 Accrued Vacation/Leave -

Due to the Village reporting on the modified cash basis of accounting no accrual has been made for employees vacation/leave earned but not taken.

Each employee is allowed to carry over a maximum of 40 hours of vacation time to a new fiscal year. Any unused vacation time in excess of 40 hours from the previous fiscal year is lost. As of December 31, 2024, the accumulated vacation time amounted to \$53,551.

Sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but do not vest with employees and, therefore, are not paid out at termination. Unvested accumulated sick leave of Village employees at December 31, 2024 amounted to \$393,592.

## Note 4 Defined Benefit Pension Plan - IMRF

## IMRF Plan Description

The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund (agent multiple-employer plan). A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

## Note 4 Defined Benefit Pension Plan - IMRF - (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

#### Contributions

As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2024 was 3.34%. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the Village contributed \$33,588 to the plan. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

## Note 4 Defined Benefit Pension Plan - IMRF - (Continued)

#### Net Pension Liability/Pension Expenditure

The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. No amount has been recorded on these financial statements due to the modified cash basis of accounting. Pension expenditures for the year reported in these modified cash basis financial statements totaled \$33,590.

### Note 5 Post Employment Health Insurance -

Currently, retired employees of the Village can participate in the Village's health insurance plan. The retirees are responsible for 100% of the cost of their coverage. Due to the Village reporting on the modified cash basis, no accruals or adjustments have been made in relation to this other post-employment benefit.

### Note 6 Deposits and Investments -

The Village maintains multiple checking and other accounts to account for funds. Each Fund's portion of these accounts is displayed on the appropriate Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances -Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis, on the Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds - Modified Cash Basis, or on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis. Investments are maintained separately for each fund. The Village is allowed to invest in securities authorized by State statute, section 2 and 6 of the Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235/2 and 6). The Village currently invests in money markets, certificates of deposits, CDARS, ICS, and mutual funds.

The Village invests in the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) Convenience Fund which consists of monies invested by individual participants that are pooled together in a short-term money market instrument. These funds are collateralized via FDIC Insurance, the FHLB LOC Program, and pooled Government Securities at 110% of bank deposits.

The Village does not have policies regarding credit risk, custodial credit risk or concentration of credit risk.

Custodial credit risk for deposits and time deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits and time deposits may not be returned or the Village will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. Demand deposits of \$58,301 at Prairie State Bank are fully insured by up to \$250,000 of federal insurance. Time deposits of \$227,337 at Prairie State Bank are also fully insured. Demand deposits and certificates of deposit of \$244,577 at First National Bank of Decatur are fully insured by up to \$250,000 of federal insurance. Time deposits and certificates of deposit of \$964,840 at First National Bank of Decatur are covered by \$250,000 of federal insurance with the remaining balance of \$714,840 fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or as agents in favor of the Village as of December 31, 2024. Demand deposits of \$37,061 at Heartland Bank and Trust Company are fully insured by up to \$250,000 federal insurance. Time deposits of \$134,843 at Scott State Bank are fully insured by up to \$250,000 federal insurance.

#### Note 6 Deposits and Investments - (Continued)

Time deposits of \$2,644 at Hickory Point Bank and Trust and \$45,110 at BMO Harris Bank, as well as Demand deposits of \$27 at Staley Credit Union are fully insured by up to \$250,000 federal insurance each. Investments considered cash and cash equivalents totaling \$4,192,931 with IMET are not insured but are collateralized by pooled securities. Time deposits of \$590,828 invested in various banks through Heartland Bank and Trust Company's certificate of deposit account registry (CDAR) and insured cash sweep (ICS) accounts, are fully insured.

The Village's Police Pension Fund investment portfolio at Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund is recorded at market value of \$4,168,276. The balance is made up of "units" of the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund investment pool of which the Mt. Zion Police Pension Fund held 353,236.357 units valued at \$12.049894 each at fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

As of December 31, 2024, the Village had the following balances of deposits, cash equivalents, and investments:

Types of Deposits/ Cash Equivalents/ Investments	Fair Value	Cost	Average Credit Quality Ratings (1)
Demand Deposits	\$ 339,966	\$ 339,966	N/A
N.O.W. and Money Markets	624,773	624,773	N/A
IMET Funds	4,192,931	4,192,931	N/A
CDARS and ICS	590,828	590,828	N/A
Certificates of Deposit	750,000	750,000	N/A
IPOPIF Investment Pool	4,168,276	3,505,629	N/A
Total	\$10,666,774	\$10,004,127	

(1) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated credit risk. N/A indicates not applicable or rating not available.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the Village's investing activities are managed by the Village Administrator.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Village uses the specific identification method of managing interest rate risk.

## Note 6 Deposits and Investments - (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. External investment pools are excluded when assessing concentration of credit risk.

Effective for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 the Village has implemented GASB No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application in the preparation of these financial statements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical asset or liability to which the government has access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full-term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs should be used to measure the fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified with Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted prices are not available, then fair values are estimated using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. At December 31, 2024, the Villages mutual funds, municipal bonds and certificates of deposits are classified within the Level 1 hierarchy.

## Note 7 Risks -

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Village pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage. Its general insurance coverage has an annual aggregate limit of \$8,000,000. The Village self-insures for unemployment compensation.

For the insured programs there have been no significant reductions in coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current or prior three years.

### Note 8 Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures -

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure, as part of the financial statements of certain information concerning individual funds including:

- A) Deficit fund balances of individual funds. No funds had deficit balances at December 31, 2024.
- B) Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances. As of December 31, 2024, the Sewer Fund owes the Water Fund \$3,340 for Sewer revenue that was deposited to the Water Fund bank account.
- C) Interfund transfers. The General Fund transferred \$171,307 and \$124,978 to the 2009 Bond Repayment Fund and the 2020 Bond Repayment Fund, respectively, to cover the costs of bond principal and interest payments. The General Fund transferred \$177,317 to the Sewer Fund to cover capital expenditures. The 2019 Bond Repayment Fund transferred \$2,275 to the General Fund to close out the remaining cash balance in the fund after the bond was repaid.

## Note 9 Beneficial Interest in Community Foundation Account -

The Village entered into an agreement with the Community Foundation of Macon County to establish the "Mt. Zion Fletcher Park Fund". This is a fund held and wholly owned by the Community Foundation to support the construction and operation of Fletcher Park.

Distributions from the fund are made by the Community Foundation board, usually at the request of a donor or the Village. The ultimate control over the funds is maintained by the Community Foundation in its fiduciary capacity, and as such, the balance is not reported on the books of the Village. The initial deposit to start the fund at the Community Foundation was \$1,000 and at December 31, 2024, the balance in the account was \$81,598.

#### Note 10 Long-Term Debt Obligations - Governmental Activities -

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Issued	(Retired)	Ending Balance			
Notes Payable	\$	47,024	\$	0	\$ (15,814)	\$	31,210		
Bonds and Debt Certificates Payable		2,194,100		690,800	(457,700)		2,427,200		
Unamortized Bond Issue Premium		21,307		0	(4,261)		17,046		
			-						
Totals	\$	2,262,431	\$	690,800	\$ (477,775)	\$	2,475,456		
			=						

The total amount due within one year is \$523,793, not including current bond premium amortization. This includes \$15,393 of notes payable and \$508,400 of bonds and debt certificates payable.

### Bonds and Debt Certificates

The Village issues general obligation and alternate revenue bonds and debt certificates to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These bonds have been issued for governmental activities only. Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024 include the following:

## 2016B Alternate Revenue Refunding Bonds

\$1,830,000 alternate revenue refunding bonds issued on September 1, 2016, due in various annual installments ranging from \$25,000 to \$180,000 through December 1, 2028, plus interest at 1.83%. The bonds are being repaid with telecommunication tax receipts, franchise fees, and a portion of utility tax receipts. These bonds were issued to refund the 2009 Alternate Revenue Bonds.

\$705,000

### Note 10 Long-Term Debt Obligations - Governmental Activities - (Continued)

#### 2020 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

\$1,619,000 general obligation debt certificate issued on October 1, 2020, due in various annual installments ranging from \$97,100 to \$122,200 through October 1, 2035, plus interest at 1.20% to 2.25%. The certificates are being repaid with property taxes received by the Village. These bonds were issued to refund the 2010B General Obligation Bonds. 1,223,300

### 2024 General Obligation Bonds

\$690,800 general obligation bonds issued on January 4, 2024, due in various annual installments ranging from \$191,900 to \$262,700 through December 1, 2026, plus interest at 4.5%. The bonds are being repaid with property taxes received by the Village. Principal repayment began during the year ending December 31, 2024. 498,900 Total Bond and Debt Certificates at December 31, 2024 \$2,427,200

#### Notes Payable

On April 24, 2020, the Village borrowed \$87,880 from Prairie State Bank and Trust, Mt. Zion, Illinois for the acquisition of a dump truck. The funds have been borrowed for governmental activities only. The note is payable in five annual installments beginning April 2021 and maturing April 2026. The note has an interest rate of 3.12% and is secured by the dump truck. The note is repaid with property taxes received by the Village.

The Village entered into a 60 month agreement with Toshiba Financial Services to acquire a new office copier. The agreement calls for 60 payments of \$341 and a final payment of \$1. The agreement began in March 2019 and ended in March 2024.

Total Notes Payable at December 31, 2024 \$

\_\_\_\_\_

\$

31,210

0

31,210

# Note 10 Long-Term Debt Obligations - Governmental Activities - (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Bonds and Debt Certificates Payable

 	 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	 -	-	-	-	_	_	 	 	_	_	 _

Years ending Dec. 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 508,400	\$ 64,547	\$ 572,947
2026	541,300	42,999	584,299
2027	285,200	26,369	311,569
2028	286,900	21,392	308,292
2029	108,600	16,334	124,934
2030-2034	574,600	50,236	624,836
2035	122,200	2,750	124,950
			+
Total	2,427,200	224,627	2,651,827
Bond Premium	17,046	0	17,046
Total Bonds and Debt			
Service Requirement	\$2,444,246 ========	\$ 224,627	\$2,668,873 ========

		Notes	Payable		
	P	rincipal	Total		
Years ending Dec. 31,	-	~ ~ ~			
2025	\$	15,393	\$	971	\$ 16,364
2026		15,817		0	15,817
Total Notes Payable					
Service Requirement	\$	31,210	\$	971	\$ 32,181
		======			=======

Debt service funds were created to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest related to the bond issues. All monies deposited into the debt service funds are restricted or assigned for payment of bond principal and interest only. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 (Continued)

### Note 11 Long-Term Debt Obligations - Business-Type Activities -

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Is	sued	(Retired)	Ending Balance
Notes Payable	\$1, <b>882,</b> 607	 \$		\$(111,669)	\$1,770,938
		• 			91,770,958
Totals	\$1,882,607	\$	0	\$(111,669)	\$1,770,938
		===:		======	==========

In June 2017, the IL EPA approved a loan to the Village in the amount of \$2,794,210 for the construction of an elevated water storage tank and a booster pump station. The preliminary loan agreement called for semi-annual payments of principal and interest at 1.64% for 20 years beginning November 1, 2019. The Village made draws on the loan as construction continued on the plant. Construction was completed and the loan was finalized in December 2018. The finalized loan agreement after all draws and accrued interest was for \$2,414,396, with semi-annual loan payments of \$71,044 scheduled for May 15 and November 15 of each year at 1.64% interest for 20 years beginning May 15, 2019 and maturing November 15, 2038. As of December 31, 2024, the balance on the loan was \$1,770,938.

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding notes payable of \$1,770,938 as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Notes Payable

		/	
	Principal	Interest	Total
Years ending Dec. 31,		·	
2025	\$ 113,508	\$ 28,580	\$ 142,088
2026	115,377	26,711	142,088
2027	117,277	24,811	142,088
2028	119,209	22,880	142,089
2029	121,172	20,917	142,089
2030-2034	636,453	73,987	710,440
2035-2038	547,942	20,413	568,355
Total Notes Payable			
Service Requirement	\$1,770,938	\$ 218,299	\$1,989,237
			=========

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### Note 12 Capital and Intangible Assets -

The breakdown of capital assets by type and the related accumulated depreciation for the Business-Type Activities is as follows:

	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Capital and Intangible				
Assets:				
Land and Easements	\$ 217,438			\$217,438
Buildings and System	11,566,655	\$ 361,178		11,927,833
Equipment	628,498	44,667		673,165
Sewer Annexation	1,170,253			1,170,253
Construction in Progress	355,295	252,816	\$(286,737)	321,374
Total	\$13,938,139	\$ 658,661	\$(286,737)	14,310,063
			=======	
Accumulated Depreciation				
and Amortization:				
Buildings and System	\$ 5,014,482	\$ 232,679		5,247,161
Equipment	505,292	25,625		530,917
Annexation	1,119,056	29,255		1,148,311
	=/==>/		******	
Total	\$ 6,638,830	\$ 287,559	\$ 0	6,926,389
10001	========	======	· · · · ·	
Ending Book Value				\$ 7,383,674
Inding Book Value				ç 7,305,074

Total asset purchases of \$371,924 were made during the year ending December 31, 2024. An additional \$286,737 of building and system additions included in the table above are related to infrastructure projects that were previously construction in progress but have since been completed and placed into service. Land and easements and construction in progress are non-depreciating assets.

Total depreciation and amortization for all Business-Type Activities assets amounted to \$287,559, for the current period, of which \$184,839 and \$102,720 were charged to the Water and Sanitary Sewer functions, respectively.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 (Continued)

### Note 12 Capital and Intangible Assets - (Continued)

The breakdown of capital assets by type and the related accumulated depreciation for the Governmental Activities is as follows:

	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 971,363	\$ 100,537	\$ (818)	\$ 1,071,082
Construction in Progress	86,008	64,804	(50, 943)	99,869
Buildings	4,434,394	93,571		4,527,965
Equipment	1,992,964	141,140	(11,500)	2,122,604
Infrastructure	19,361,015	794,592		20,155,607
Total	\$26,845,744	\$1,194,644	\$ (63,261)	27,977.127
10001	==========	========	=======	27,977,127
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	\$ 1,427,570	\$ 139,009		1,566,579
Equipment	1,503,772	143,571		1,647,343
Infrastructure	10,091,410	726,356		10,817,766
		~ ~		
Total	\$13,022,752	\$1,008,936	\$0	14,031,688
Ending Book Value	2202225555 2	<b></b>		\$13,945,439

Total asset purchases of \$1,143,701 were made during the year ending December 31, 2024. An additional \$35,864 of buildings additions and \$15,079 of infrastructure additions included in the table above are related to fiberoptic and infrastructure projects that were previously construction in progress but have since been completed and placed into service. Land and construction in progress are non-depreciating assets.

Total depreciation for all Governmental Activities assets amounted to \$1,008,936, for the current period, of which \$60,804, \$83,111, \$646,584, \$179,794 and \$38,643 were charged to the Administration, Public Safety, Street and Alleys, Parks and Convention Center functions, respectively.

### Note 13 Business District -

On September 14, 2020, the Village approved an ordinance designating the Mt. Zion Business Development District Number 1 and imposing a retailer's occupation tax, a service occupation tax, and a hotel operators' occupation tax. These new taxes will pay for business district project costs as set forth in the business district development plan. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the Village expended \$195,785.

### Note 14 Rt. 121 Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District II -

On January 19, 2021, the Village approved an ordinance designating the Rt. 121 Tax Increment Financing District II. This TIF District will be used to promote and protect the health, safety, morals, and welfare of the public, address blighted conditions as defined in the Act, and institute conservation measures that will remove and alleviate adverse conditions, encourage private investment, and restore/enhance the tax base of the overlapping taxing districts by undertaking public and private redevelopment projects within the specified Redevelopment Project Area.

### Note 15 Mt. Zion Police Pension Fund -

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: Reporting Entity, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting. The Mt. Zion Police Pension is a fiduciary fund of the Village of Mt. Zion, Illinois and is included in the Village's fiduciary fund financial statements. It does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The financial statements of the Plan are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period they are withheld. The Village's contributions are recognized when they are received by the Plan. The Plan's investments are reported at fair value. Investments are maintained by the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund and held at State Street Bank and Trust. The Fund may only make investments as allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS).

<u>Plan Description: Administration</u>. On July 18, 2011, the Village of Mt. Zion created and established a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan for the full-time officers to provide retirement, disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with Article 3 of the Illinois Pension Code. It is governed by five trustees. The trustees are to be representative of at least one active duty officer and one eligible beneficiary. Currently, there are no beneficiaries who meet the eligibility requirements to serve as a trustee, so that position is filled by an additional current officer. The defined benefit provisions and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may only be amended by the Illinois legislature. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 (Continued)

### Note 15 Mt. Zion Police Pension Fund - (Continued)

Plan Description: Membership.

Membership in the plan consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefits	1
Inactive Plan Member Entitled to but not yet	
Receiving Benefits	7
Active Plan Members	11

Total members

### Plan Description: Benefits Provided.

The Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter. Surviving spouses receive 100% of final salary for fatalities resulting from an act of duty, or otherwise the greater of 50% of final salary or the employee's retirement benefit.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$ 106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.00%. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., 3% for each month under The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased 55). annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year. Surviving spouse's benefits are 66 2/3% of the Employee's benefit at the time of death.

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### Note 15 Mt. Zion Police Pension Fund - (Continued)

### Plan Description: Contributions.

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Fund. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amount necessary to finance the Fund, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The 2024 Village contribution to the plan was \$170,901 and was entirely met by the current tax levy.

### Note 16 Construction, Other Commitments and Subsequent Events -

The Village has entered into various agreements to abate future taxes and reimburse development costs to encourage development within the Village. These agreements extend through 2046 and are dependent on developers presenting documentation of costs incurred. As of December 31, 2024, future amounts payable under these agreements have a maximum payout of \$6,634,930.

The Village has a lease agreement through fiscal year 2038 for cellular equipment to be placed on the Village's water tower. In 2022, the water tower that the equipment was originally placed on was demolished. As the lease agreement is binding, the Village was required to move this equipment to the new water tower. The cost to move the equipment was agreed to be \$208,962. On August 17, 2020, the Village agreed to abate \$208,962 of future rents in payment as reimbursement for the equipment move. The abatement began in April of 2022, and will last through July 2033, at which time the Village will begin to receive monthly rent payments again.

On March 20, 2023, a resolution was passed authorizing the approval of a contract with Entler Excavating Co. Inc, to begin work on the Eastside Sewer Relief Project for an estimated cost of \$964,736. The project, which began in 2023, will add new sewer mains and manholes to increase capacity in specified areas of the Village. Final expenses of approximately \$50,000 will be paid by the Sewer Fund in 2025 to complete this project.

On February 18, 2025, an ordinance was passed to approve an intergovernmental agreement between the Village of Mt. Zion and the City of Decatur's Urban Transit Network that incorporates the Village into Decatur's public transit system service area. The cost of the service is to be paid for with funding from the Illinois Department of Transportation and/or the Federal Transit Administration and any other state or federal grants available. Should the cost of providing services to the Village exceed what the City receives in funding for this project, the Village will pay the difference. As part of this agreement, the Village agrees to reimburse the City for the cost of adding a new ADA compliant vehicle that will be used to serve the Village. The Village will reimburse the City up to \$80,000, subject to a 2% annual increase, once every 5 years that the agreement is in place. The agreement automatically renews on one year terms each year until either party decides to terminate the agreement. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Note 16 Construction, Other Commitments and Subsequent Events -

On February 18, 2025, a resolution was passed to authorize a joint funding agreement with the Illinois Department of Transportation for the Harryland Trail Project. The estimated costs for the project are \$191,338 with 90% being paid by IDOT and 10% being paid by the Village using MFT funds.

In March of 2025, the Village began rehabilitation projects at Goodwin Park. Approximately \$122,000 has since been expended toward playground equipment upgrades and pavilion repairs.

On March 17, 2025, a resolution was passed appropriating \$667,250 of MFT funds for the South Lake Subdivision Rehab Project Phase 2. The project is expected to begin in late 2025.

In April of 2025, a new squad car was purchased for the police department for approximately \$57,000.

### VILLAGE OF MT. ZION, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES DISBURSED - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

General Government - Administration				
Salaries	\$	93,510		
Benefits		24,927		
Repairs & Maintenance		6,847		
Legal Services		18,518		
Janitorial Services		5,980		
Contractual Services		8,036		
Postage		710		
Telephone		1,744		
Printing & Publications		2,230		
Fees		17,839		
Travel & Training		4,950		
Dues & Subscriptions		3,239		
Utilities		8,134		
Supplies & Equipment		3,251		
Economic Development		11,312		
Special Projects	_	5,474		
Total General Government - Administration	•		\$_	216,701
General Government - Planning & Zoning				
Salaries	\$	66,181		
Benefits		14,774		
Engineering		6,439		
Printing & Publications		725		
Fees		227		
Total General Government - Planning & Zoning	-		\$_	88,346

(Continued on next page)

### VILLAGE OF MT. ZION, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES DISBURSED - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (Continued)

Public Safety		
Salaries	\$ 886,154	
Benefits	335,358	
Repairs & Maintenance	15,420	
Legal Services	2,991	
Janitorial Services	9,945	
Contractual Services	19,775	
Postage	988	
Telephone	10,502	
Radio Communications	7,938	
Printing & Publications	1,912	
Fees	60,458	
Travel & Training	14,138	
Dues & Subscriptions	1,773	
Utilities	14,442	
Supplies & Equipment	12,801	
Miscellaneous	463	
Gasoline & Oil	21,174	
Total Public Safety		\$ 1,416,232
-		
Streets and Alleys		
Streets and Alleys Salaries	\$ 154,640	
-	\$ 154,640 56,495	
Salaries	\$ 154,640 56,495 74,724	
Salaries Benefits	56,495	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance	56,495 74,724	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance Engineering	56,495 74,724 38,678	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance Engineering Contractual Services	56,495 74,724 38,678 8,637	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance Engineering Contractual Services Telephone	56,495 74,724 38,678 8,637 5,579	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance Engineering Contractual Services Telephone Printing & Publications	56,495 74,724 38,678 8,637 5,579 366	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance Engineering Contractual Services Telephone Printing & Publications Fees	56,495 74,724 38,678 8,637 5,579 366 5,025	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance Engineering Contractual Services Telephone Printing & Publications Fees Travel & Training	56,495 74,724 38,678 8,637 5,579 366 5,025 1,598	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance Engineering Contractual Services Telephone Printing & Publications Fees Travel & Training Utilities	56,495 74,724 38,678 8,637 5,579 366 5,025 1,598 11,170	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance Engineering Contractual Services Telephone Printing & Publications Fees Travel & Training Utilities Street Lighting	56,495 74,724 38,678 8,637 5,579 366 5,025 1,598 11,170 23,817	
Salaries Benefits Repairs & Maintenance Engineering Contractual Services Telephone Printing & Publications Fees Travel & Training Utilities Street Lighting Supplies & Equipment	56,495 74,724 38,678 8,637 5,579 366 5,025 1,598 11,170 23,817 21,349	

(Continued on next page)

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### VILLAGE OF MT. ZION, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES DISBURSED - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (Continued)

Culture & Recreation - Parks			
Salaries	\$	111,851	
Benefits		37,156	
Repairs & Maintenance		25,686	
Janitorial Services		20,307	
Contractual Services		6,439	
Fletcher Park Events		27,917	
Postage		533	
Telephone		8,444	
Printing & Publications		2,359	
Fees		5,354	
Travel & Training		1,117	
Dues & Subscriptions		365	
Utilities		23,179	
Supplies & Equipment		37,444	
Total Culture & Recreation - Parks			\$ 308,151
Culture & Recreation - Convention Center			
Salaries	\$	51,021	
Benefits		20,879	
Repairs & Maintenance		16,756	
Janitorial Services		22,500	
Contractual Services		12,471	
Postage		533	
Telephone		1,744	
Printing & Publications		8,067	
Fees		4,996	
Utilities		6,105	
Supplies & Equipment		5,869	
Total Culture & Recreation - Convention Center			\$ 150,941
Debt Service			
Principal	\$	1,007	
Interest		-	
Total Debt Service	_		\$ 1,007
Capital Outlay			
Administration	\$	11,070	
Public Safety		120,976	
Streets & Alleys		201,648	
Parks	_	54,508	
Total Capital Outlay			\$ 388,202

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2024

STSSE	Audit Pund	Social Security Fund	Liability Insurance Fund	hund with	School Crossing Guard Fund	Unemployment Compensation Fund	Rt. 121 TIF District II	Total Normajor Special Revenue Funds
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 38,421 \$	87,968 \$	51,647 \$	1 <u>196,330</u> \$	22,050 \$	\$ 56.433 \$	481,644	\$ 934,493
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 38,421 \$	87,968 \$	51, 647	\$ 196,330 \$	22,050	\$ 56,433 \$	481, 644	\$ 934,493
LIABILITES AND FUND BALANCES								
Current Liabilities:	\$ - \$	¢,	1	¢ -		·	•	- \$
Fund Balance: Restricted Assigned	37,421 1,000	87,968 -	51,647 -	196,330 -	22, 050 -	56,433 -	<b>4</b> 81, 644 -	933,493 1,000
Total Fund Balance	38,421	87,968	51,647	196,330	22,050	56,433	481,644	934,493
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 38,421 \$	87,968 \$	51, 647	\$ 196,330 \$	22,050	\$ 56,433 \$	481, 644	\$ 934,493

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NOUMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	لي. الم	Audit Fund	Social Security Fund	Liability Insurance Fund	IMRF Fund	School Crossing Guard Fund	Unemployment Compensation Fund	Rt. 121 TIF District II	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues Received Property Tax	ŝ	28,489 \$	135,2		\$ 43,235 \$	4,	4,031		\$ 649,357
Investment Income/(Loss) Total Revenues Received	ĺ	1,008 29,497	135,348	2,134 108,944	50,468	893 4,924	2,462 6,493	13,836 341,299	27,616 676,973
Expenditures Disbursed Current									
General Government Administration Professional Pees		21.430	,			•		902 ETT	869 VEL
Social Security Taxes		•	87,083	I	ı	•	ı		87,083
Liability Insurance		I	I	94,295	•	,	'	•	94,295
IMRF Expense		•	•	•	33,590	•	,	•	33,590
Redevelopment Agreements Public Safety		ı		'	'		1	55,738	55,738
Salaries				,		2,860	ı		2,860
Capital Outlay	I	•	'	•	•	'	•	55,965	55, 965
Total Expenditures Disbursed		21,430	87,083	94,295	33,590	2,860	•	224,911	464,169
Excess of Revenues Received Over (under) Expenditures Disbursed	I	8,067	48,265	14,649	16,878	2,064	6,493	116,388	212,804
Other Financing Sources(Uses) Operating Transfers	I		1	1	ı	I	6	1	ł
Net Change in Fund Balance	I	8,067	48,265	14,649	16,878	2,064	6,493	116,388	212,804
Fund Balances - January 1		30,354	39,703	36,998	179,452	19,986	49,940	365,256	721,689
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ \$	38,421 \$	87,968	\$ 51,647	\$ 196,330 \$	22,050 \$	56,433	\$ 481,644	\$ 934,493

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### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2024

Total	kond Nonmajor sent Covernmental d Funds	16,005 \$ 1,011,224	16,005 \$ 1,011,224
	2024 Bond Repayment Fund		5 TE
	2020 Bond Repayment Fund	16,847 \$	16,847
đs		~	~
Debt Service Funds	2019 Bond Repayment Fund	- 	4
	rt 41	5	5
	2009 Bond Repayment Fund	23,693	23,693
		~` `	ഹി
	Lease Purchase Fund	20,186 \$	20,186
	1	~ ``	~' '
Nonmajor	Special Revenue Funds	934,493 \$	934,493
	I	va •	47

Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents

TOTAL ASSETS

ASSETS

	1		969,684 41,540	1,011,224
	v 1		16,005	16,005
	"		- 16,847	16,847
	"			
	1		- 23,693	23, 693
	·		20,186 -	20,186
	07 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		933,493 1,000	934,493
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Current Liabilities: Due to Other Funds	Total Current Liabilities:	Fund Balance: Restricted Assigned	Total Fund Balance

16,847 \$ 16,005 \$ 1,011,224

||، پ

23,693 \$

20,186 \$

934,493 \$

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TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Revenues Received Froperty Tax Investment Income/(Loss) Total Revenues Received Expenditures Disbursed Current General Government	Special Revenue Funds		2009 Bond				
Loss) eceived at	Revenue Funds			2019 Bond	2020 Bond	2024 Bond	Nonmajor
Loss) eceíved ¤ť		Lease Purchase Fund	Repayment Fund	Repayment Fund	Repayment Fund	Repayment Fund	Governmental Funds
Loss) eceíved at							
Investment Income/(Loss) Total Revenues Received penditures Disbursed Current General Government	649,357 \$	5 16,510 \$	кл I	\$ 1	ю- ,	246,641	\$ 912,508
Total Revenues Received penditures Disbursed Current General Government	27,616	477	137	1	1	•	28,230
penditures Disbursed Current General Government	676,973	16, 987	137	1	-	246,641	940,738
Current General Government							
General Government							
Administration							
Audit Fees	134,638			ı	,	•	134,638
Social Security Taxes	87,083	•		,		•	87,083
Liability Insurance	94,295	,		1			94,295
IMRF Expense	33,590	·	1			•	33,590
Redevelopment Agreements	55,738	ı		•		•	55.738
Public Safety							
Salaries	2,860	•	•		•	I	2,860
Debt Service							
Príncipal		14,807	165,000	'	100,800	191,900	472,507
Interest and Fees		1,480	15,921	•	24,178	38,736	80,315
Capital Outlay	55, 965		•		1	1	55,965
Total Expenditures Disbursed	464,169	16,287	180,921	•	124,978	230,636	1,016,991
Excess of Revenues Received Over							
(Under) Expenditures Disbursed	212,804	200	(180,784)	1	(124,978)	16,005	(76,253)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In/ (Out)	1	•	171,307	(2,275)	124,978		294,010
Net Change in Fund Balance	212,804	700	(9,477)	(2,275)	I	16,005	217,757
Fund Balances - January 1	721,689	19,486	33,170	2,275	16,847	F	793,467
Fund Balances - December 31 \$\$	934,493 \$	20,186 \$	23,693 \$	۲¢۲ ۱	16,847 \$	16,005	\$ 1,011,224

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OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

### OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Amended / Final Budget	Actual Expenditures (Incl. Budgeted Transfers)	Over/Under Budget
General Fund			
General Corporate Purposes	\$ 3,877,734	\$ 3,454,530	\$ 423,204
Special Revenue Funds			
Audit Fund	29,000	21,430	7,570
Social Security Fund	138,000	87,083	50,917
Liability Insurance Fund	110,000	94,295	15,705
IMRF Fund	44,500	33,590	10,910
School Crossing Guard Fund	4,750	2,860	1,890
Unemployment Compensation Fund	25,000	0	25,000
Capital Projects Funds			
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	970,000	241,408	728,592
Business District Tax Allocation Fund	560,000	195,785	364,215
Rt 121 TIF District II	545,500	224,911	320,589
2024 Capital Project Fund	700,000	590,074	109,926
Debt Service Funds			
Lease Purchase Fund	16,500	16,287	213
2009 Bond Repayment Fund	182,000	180,921	1,079
2019 Bond Repayment Fund	0	٥	0
2020 Bond Repayment Fund	125,000	124,978	22
2024 Bond Repayment Fund	232,700	230,636	2,064
Total Governmental Funds	\$7,560,684	\$5,498,788	\$ 2,061,896

### OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OTHER FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	F	Amended / inal Budget	(1	Actual Expenditures Incl. Capital Equisitions)	_	Over/Under Budget
Proprietary Funds						
Water Fund	\$	1,902,720	\$	1,792,061	\$	110,659
Sewer Fund		775,850		856,996		-81,146 *
Fiduciary Fund						
Police Pension Fund		202,400		91,576		110,824
Total Other Funds	\$	2,880,970	\$	2,740,633	\$_	140,337

\* The \$81,146 of Sewer Fund expenditures that were over the budgeted amount were Sewer infrastructure assets purchased with funds paid out of the General Fund, then transferred to the Sewer Fund.

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OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) MT. ZION POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS ENDED (SCHEDULE TO BE BUILT FROSPECTIVELY)

		~	16 2016	I		51% 1.47%
8 Monti	Ended	Decemb	31, 2016			1.619
Tear	Ended	December	31, 2017			1.84%
Year	Ended	December	31, 2018			2.72%
Year	Ended	December	31, 2019			2.68%
Year	Ended	December	31, 2020			2.30%
Year	Ended	December	31, 2021			2.40%
Year	Ended	December	31, 2022			-10.21%
Year	Ended	December	31, 2023			13.66%
Year	Ended	December	31, 2024			9.59%
					Annual Money-Weighted Rate of	Return, Net of Investment Expense

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.